

Space Weather Highlights
14 October - 20 October 2019

SWPC PRF 2303
21 October 2019

Solar activity was very low. The solar disk was spotless throughout the period. No Earth-directed CMEs were observed.

No proton events were observed at geosynchronous orbit.

The greater than 2 MeV electron flux at geosynchronous orbit reached moderate levels on 14-15 Oct and again on 17-20 Oct with a peak flux of 777 pfu observed at 14/1500 UTC.

Geomagnetic field activity ranged from quiet to unsettled levels. Solar wind speed was mostly in the 300-400 km/s range but increased to 400-440 km/s on 16-17 Oct. Total field ranged from 1-8 nT. The geomagnetic field responded with mostly quiet conditions with isolated unsettled periods on 15 and 20 Oct.

Space Weather Outlook
21 October - 16 November 2019

Solar activity is expected to be at very low levels for the forecast period.

No proton events are expected at geosynchronous orbit.

The greater than 2 MeV electron flux at geosynchronous orbit is expected to reach moderate levels on 24 Oct, 04-11 Nov, and again on 13-16 Nov. High levels are expected on 25 Oct-03 Nov due to coronal hole high speed stream (CH HSS) influence.

Geomagnetic field activity is expected to reach unsettled to active levels on 21-22 Oct and 24-29 Oct with G1 (Minor) geomagnetic storm levels likely on 24-25 Oct due to recurrent CH HSS activity.



Daily Solar Data

Date	Radio Flux 10.7cm	Sun spot No.	Sunspot Area (10 ⁻⁶ hemi.)	X-ray Background Flux		Flares						
						X-ray			Optical			
						C	M	X	S	1	2	3
14 October	66	0	0	A3.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15 October	67	0	0	A4.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 October	66	0	0	A5.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17 October	66	0	0	A6.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18 October	66	0	0	A6.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 October	66	0	0	A6.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 October	65	0	0	A6.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Daily Particle Data

Date	Proton Fluence (protons/cm ² -day -sr)			Electron Fluence (electrons/cm ² -day -sr)		
	>1 MeV	>10 MeV	>100 MeV	>0.6 MeV	>2MeV	>4 MeV
14 October	9.8e+05	2.1e+04	4.0e+03	4.0e+07		
15 October	8.2e+05	2.2e+04	3.6e+03	1.0e+07		
16 October	6.3e+05	2.2e+04	3.8e+03	5.5e+06		
17 October	5.3e+05	2.1e+04	4.0e+03	7.2e+06		
18 October	7.1e+05	2.1e+04	3.7e+03	8.6e+06		
19 October	5.9e+05	2.2e+04	4.0e+03	8.5e+06		
20 October	5.5e+05	2.1e+04	4.0e+03	5.3e+06		

Daily Geomagnetic Data

Date	Middle Latitude Fredericksburg		High Latitude College		Estimated Planetary	
	A	K-indices	A	K-indices	A	K-indices
14 October	5	1-2-1-1-2-2-1-1	3	0-0-0-1-2-2-1-0	6	1-2-1-1-1-2-2-1
15 October	5	3-1-0-1-1-1-2-2	1	2-0-0-0-0-0-1-0	5	3-1-1-1-0-1-2-2
16 October	5	2-2-2-1-1-1-2-1	3	0-0-2-2-0-0-1-1	6	2-2-3-2-1-1-2-2
17 October	4	2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	6	1-0-3-3-3-1-0-0	6	2-2-2-2-1-1-1-1
18 October	4	1-2-1-1-2-1-1-1	5	0-1-3-3-2-1-0-0	6	1-2-2-2-2-1-1-2
19 October	3	1-0-1-1-2-1-1-0	8	0-0-2-4-3-2-1-2	5	1-1-1-2-2-2-2-1
20 October	4	1-2-1-1-1-1-1-2	8	1-0-3-3-3-1-1-2	6	2-2-2-1-1-1-1-3

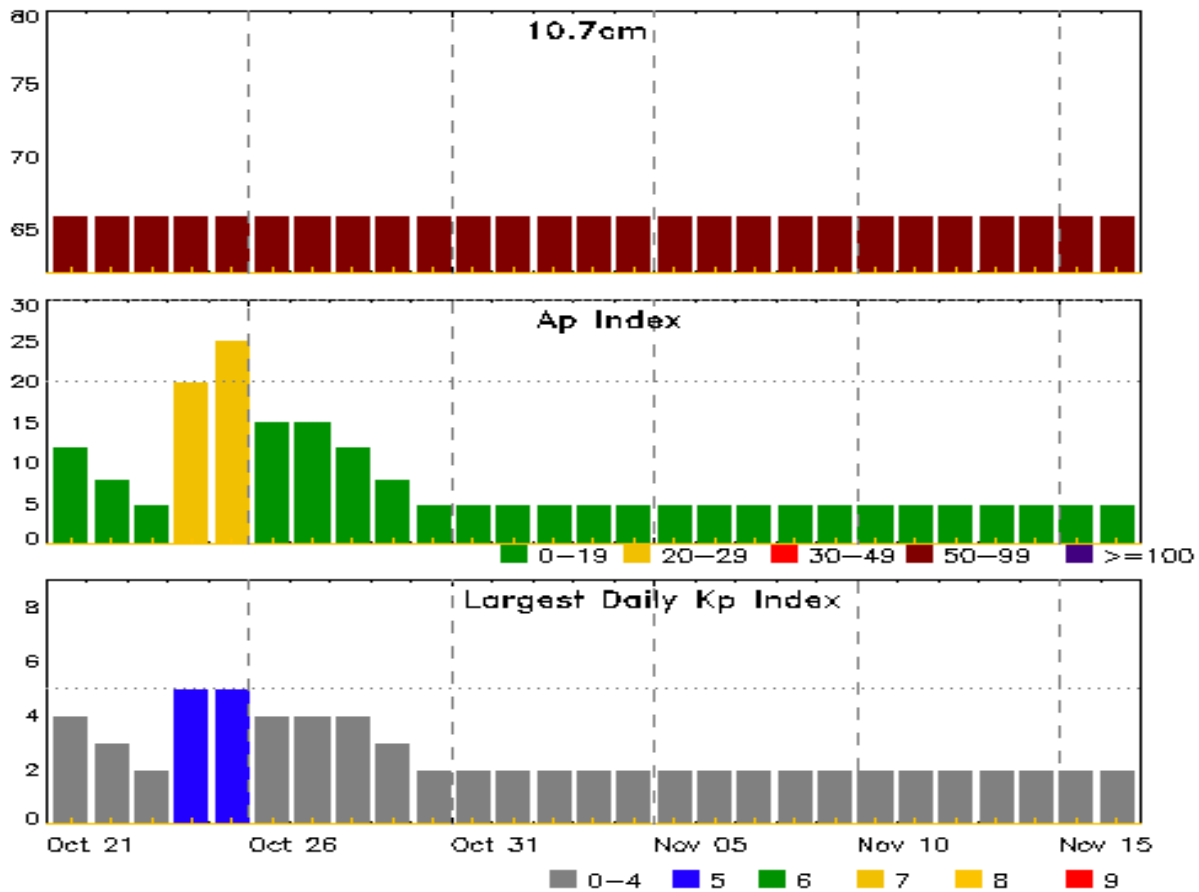


Alerts and Warnings Issued

Date & Time of Issue UTC	Type of Alert or Warning	Date & Time of Event UTC
No Alerts or Warnings Issued		



Twenty-seven Day Outlook



Date	Radio Flux 10.7cm	Planetary A Index	Largest Kp Index	Date	Radio Flux 10.7cm	Planetary A Index	Largest Kp Index
21 Oct	66	12	4	04 Nov	66	5	2
22	66	8	3	05	66	5	2
23	66	5	2	06	66	5	2
24	66	20	5	07	66	5	2
25	66	25	5	08	66	5	2
26	66	15	4	09	66	5	2
27	66	15	4	10	66	5	2
28	66	12	4	11	66	5	2
29	66	8	3	12	66	5	2
30	66	5	2	13	66	5	2
31	66	5	2	14	66	5	2
01 Nov	66	5	2	15	66	5	2
02	66	5	2	16	66	5	2
03	66	5	2				

Energetic Events

Date	Time			X-ray		Optical Information			Peak		Sweep Freq	
	Begin	Max	Half	Class	Flux	Imp/	Location	Rgn	Radio Flux		Intensity	
			Max			Brtns			245	2695	II	IV

No Events Observed

Flare List

Date	Time			X-ray	Optical		
	Begin	Max	End		Class	Imp/ Brtns	Location Lat CMD
17 Oct	1719	1720	1721		A1.1		



Region Summary

Location		Sunspot Characteristics					Flares							
Date	Lat CMD	Helio	Area	Extent	Spot	Spot	Mag	X-ray			Optical			
		Lon	10 ⁻⁶ hemi.	(helio)	Class	Count	Class	C	M	X	S	1	2	3

No Active Regions

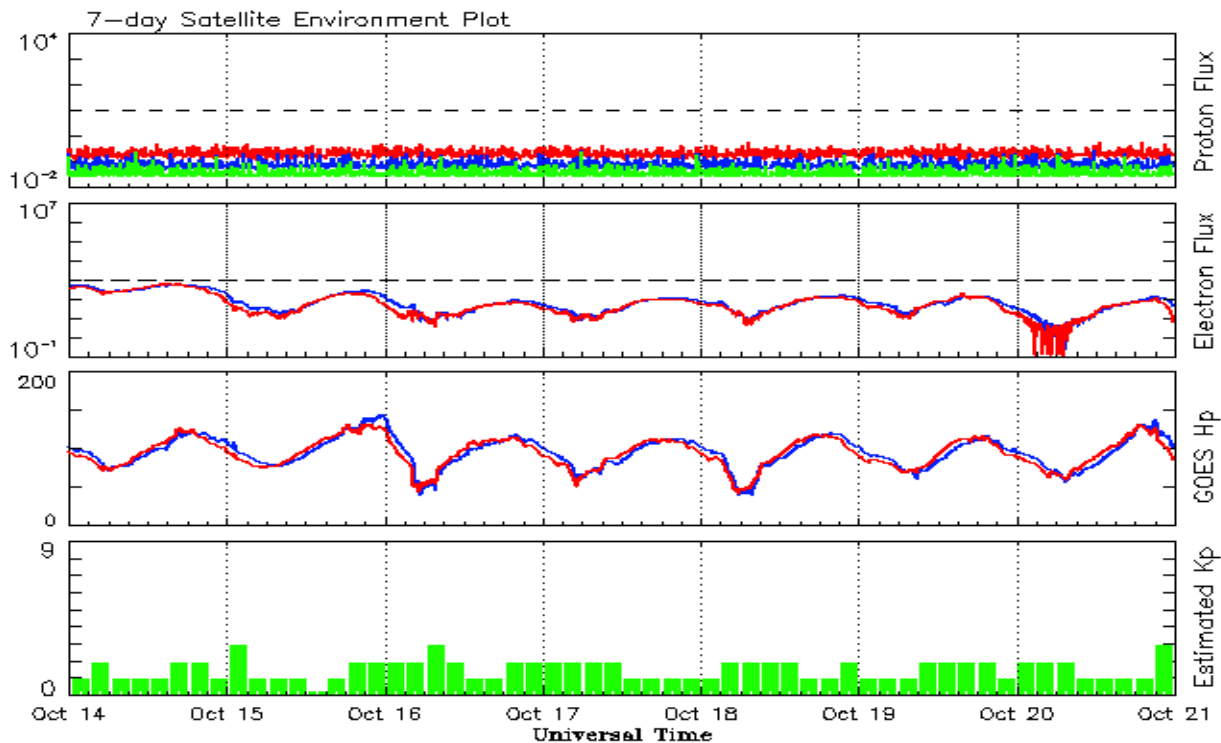


Recent Solar Indices (preliminary)
Observed monthly mean values

Month	Sunspot Numbers					Radio Flux		Geomagnetic	
	Observed values		Ratio	Smooth values		Penticton	Smooth	Planetary	Smooth
	SEC	RI	RI/SEC	SEC	RI	10.7 cm	Value	Ap	Value
2017									
October	16.0	7.9	0.49	16.8	10.0	76.4	75.1	11	9.8
November	7.7	3.4	0.44	15.7	9.2	72.1	74.6	11	9.5
December	7.6	4.9	0.64	15.7	9.1	71.5	74.4	8	9.4
2018									
January	7.8	4.1	0.51	15.0	8.5	70.0	74.0	6	9.3
February	16.0	6.4	0.40	13.7	7.6	72.0	73.3	7	9.1
March	6.0	1.5	0.25	11.5	5.9	68.4	71.9	8	8.6
April	7.0	5.3	0.76	9.6	4.7	70.0	70.6	7	8.0
May	15.0	7.9	0.53	9.2	4.5	70.9	70.2	8	7.6
June	19.7	9.4	0.48	9.1	4.3	72.5	70.0	7	7.4
July	1.3	1.0	0.77	9.4	4.2	69.7	70.0	6	7.3
August	10.0	5.2	0.53	9.0	4.0	69.1	70.0	10	7.3
September	5.7	2.0	0.35	8.7	3.9	68.3	70.1	9	7.3
October	6.9	2.9	0.42	9.2	4.1	69.5	70.3	7	7.1
November	7.3	2.9	0.48	9.5	4.0	68.9	70.4	6	7.0
December	5.6	1.9	0.34	9.3	3.6	70.0	70.3	7	6.9
2019									
January	16.0	4.6	0.29	9.0	3.2	71.6	70.0	6	6.8
February		0.5		8.7	3.0	70.6	69.8	7	6.7
March	14.8	5.6	0.39	8.3	2.8	71.5	69.7	6	6.6
April	11.5	5.5	0.48			72.4		6	
May	18.1	5.9	0.34			71.3		7	
June	11.6	0.7	0.06			68.1		5	
July	1.6	0.5	0.31			67.1		6	
August	2.5	0.4	0.16			67.0		7	
September	2.6	0.7	0.27			68.1		10	

Note: Values are final except for the most recent 6 months which are considered preliminary.
Cycle 24 started in Dec 2008 with an RI=1.7.





*Weekly Geosynchronous Satellite Environment Summary
Week Beginning 14 October 2019*

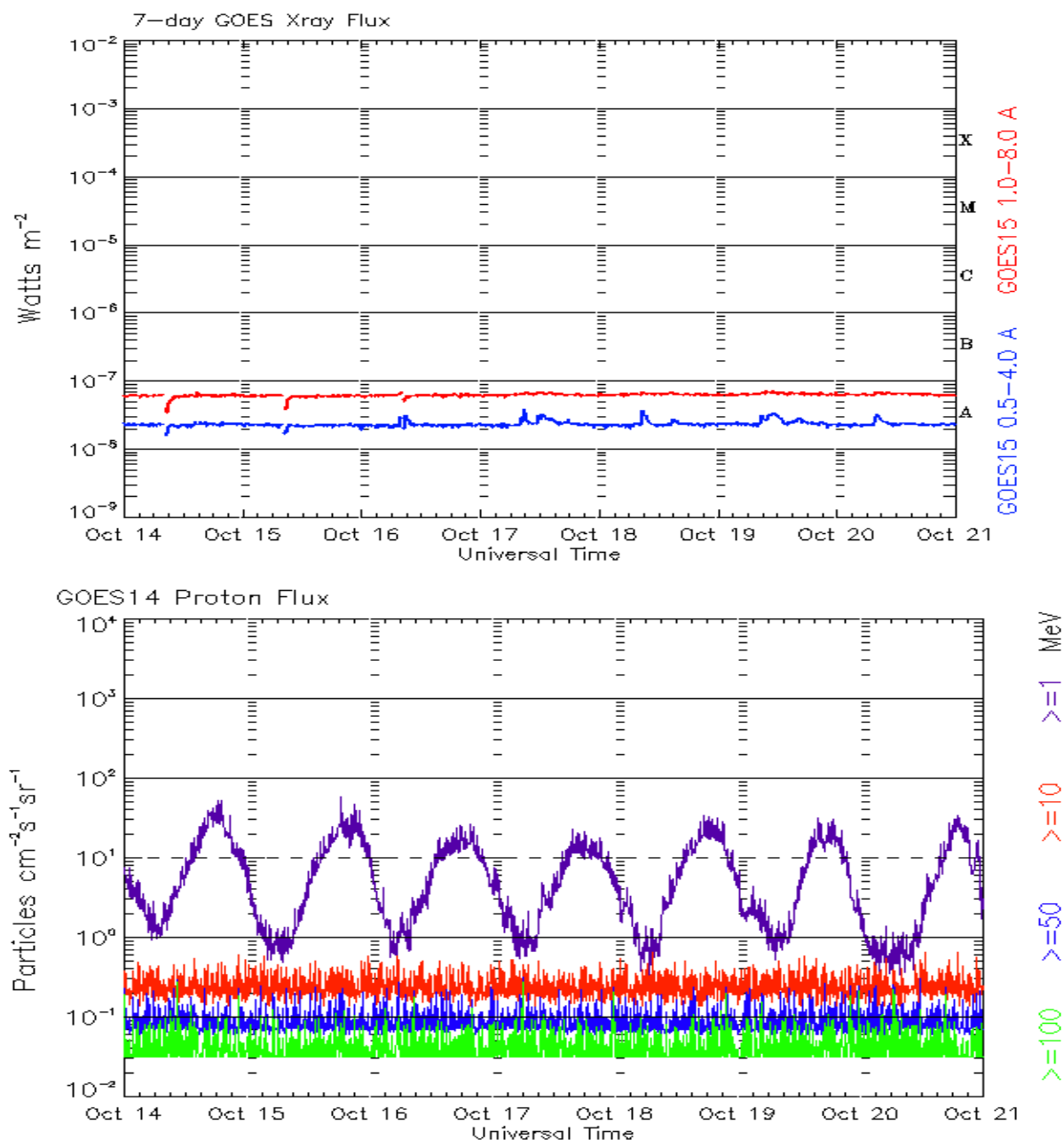
The proton flux plot contains the five-minute averaged integral proton flux (protons/cm²-sec -sr) as measured by the SWPC Primary GOES satellite, near West 75, for each of three energy thresholds: greater than 10, 50, and 100 MeV.

The electron flux plot contains the five-minute averaged integral electron flux (electrons/cm²-sec -sr) with energies greater than 2 MeV by the SWPC Primary GOES satellite.

The Hp plot contains the five minute averaged Hp magnetic field component in nanoteslas (nT) as by the SWPC Primary GOES satellite. The Hp component is parallel to the spin axis of the satellite, which is nearly parallel to the Earth's rotation axis.

The Estimated 3-hour Planetary Kp-index is derived at the NOAA Space Weather Prediction Center using data from the following ground-based magnetometers: Boulder, Colorado; Chambon la Foret, France; Fredericksburg, Virginia; Fresno, California; Hartland, UK; Newport, Washington; Sitka, Alaska. These data are made available thanks to the cooperative efforts between SWPC and data providers around the world, which currently includes the U.S. Geological Survey, the British Geological Survey, and the Institut de Physique du Globe de Paris.

The data included here are those now available in real time at the SWPC and are incomplete in that they do not include the full set of parameters and energy ranges known to cause satellite operating anomalies. The proton and electron fluxes and Kp are 'global' parameters that are applicable to a first order approximation over large areas. H parallel is subject to more localized phenomena and the measurements generally are applicable to within a few degrees of longitude of the measuring satellite.



*Weekly GOES Satellite X-ray and Proton Plots
Week Beginning 14 October 2019*

The x-ray plots contains five-minute averages x-ray flux (Watt/m^2) as measure by the SWPC primary GOES X-ray satellite, usually at West 105 longitude, in two wavelength bands, 0.05 - 0.4 and 0.1 - 0.8 nm. The letters A, B, C, M and X refer to x-ray event levels for the 0.1 - 0.8 nm band.

The proton plot contains the five-minute averaged integral flux units (pfu = protons/ cm^2 -sec -sr) as measured by the primary SWPC GOES Proton satellite for each of the energy thresholds: >1 , >10 , >30 , and >100 MeV. The P10 event threshold is 10 pfu at greater than 10 MeV.



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Notice: The 27-day Outlook, Satellite Environment, X-ray and Proton plots have been redesigned.
Comments and suggestions are welcome SWPC.Webmaster@noaa.gov

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