Solar activity was very low during through 24 March. However, by 25 March, a region began to develop in the NE quadrant and was numbered as Region 2644 (N12, L=054, class/area, Dao/050 on 26 March). As this region grew, it produced multiple B-class flares as well as a C1/Sf at 27/0000 UTC. No Earth-directed coronal mass ejections were observed during the period.

No proton events were observed at geosynchronous orbit.

The greater than 2 MeV electron flux at geosynchronous orbit was at normal to moderate levels on 20-21 March and reached high levels from 22-26 March. The largest flux of the period was 19,100 pfu observed at 23/1735 UTC.

Geomagnetic field activity ranged from quiet to G1 (Minor) storm conditions. The period began under nominal solar wind conditions with solar wind speed near 310 km/s and total field near 4 nT. This continued until a co-rotating interactive region (CIR) preceding a positive polarity coronal hole high speed stream (CH HSS) became geoeffective starting around 21/0027 UTC. Total field increased to a maximum of 18 nT by 21/0722 UTC while the Bz component deflected southward to -17 nT at 21/0607 UTC. Solar wind speed began to increase beginning at 20/2349 UTC and reached a maximum of 755 km/s 22/1513 UTC. The geomagnetic field responded with quiet conditions on 20 March, quiet to G1 (Minor) storming on 21 March, and unsettled to G1 (Minor) storming on 22 March. By 23 March, a secondary increase in total field and solar wind speed was observed. Total field increased from 2 nT to 10 nT while the solar wind speed increased from 550 km/s to near 730 km/s. From 24 March through the end of the period, solar wind conditions gradually returned to nominal levels. However, late on 26 March, an increase in density and total field was observed around 2000 UTC followed by a solar sector boundary crossing into the negative sector suggesting the onset of a subsequent CIR preceding a negative polarity CH HSS. The geomagnetic field was at quiet to active conditions on 23 March, quiet to unsettled levels on 24 March, and quiet levels on 25-26 March.

Space Weather Outlook 27 March - 22 April 2017

Solar activity is expected to be at very low levels with a chance for isolated C-class flares from Region 2644 during its transit across the visible disk from 27 March - 04 April.

No proton events are expected at geosynchronous orbit.

The greater than 2 MeV electron flux at geosynchronous orbit is expected to be at normal to moderate levels with high levels likely from 29 March - 11 April and again from 18-22 April due to CH HSS influence.

Geomagnetic field activity is expected to be at unsettled to active levels from 27 March - 06



April and 17-19 April with G1 (Minor) storm levels likely on 27-31 March and 17-18 April. G2 (Moderate) storm levels are likely on 28-29 March. Heightened activity during these periods is due to recurrent CH HSS effects. Quiet conditions are expected for the remainder of the forecast period.



	Radio	Sun	Sur	ispot	X-ray]	Flares				
	Flux	spot	А	Area Background		nd	X-	ray	Optical				
Date	10.7cm	No.	(10 ⁻⁶	hemi.)	Flux		C N	A X	S	1	2 3	4	
20 March	73	0	0	A1.9	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
21 March	71	12	40	A2.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
22 March	73	12	30	A1.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
23 March	72	12	20	A1.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
24 March	72	12	10	A1.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25 March	74	11	10	A0.0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
26 March	77	20	50	A3.0	1	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	

Daily Solar Data

Daily Particle Data

	(pro	Proton Fluen tons/cm ² -da	nce av -sr)	Electron Fluence (electrons/cm ² -day -sr)					
Date	>1 MeV	>10 MeV	>100 MeV	>0.6 MeV	>2MeV	>4 MeV			
20 March	9.5e+	-05	1.5e+04	3.7e+03	1.4e+0	07			
21 March	1.7e+	-06	1.4e+04	3.2e+03	2.3e+0	06			
22 March	2.3e+	-06	1.5e+04	3.3e+03	4.6e+0	07			
23 March	2.6e+	-06	1.5e+04	3.7e+03	5.5e+0	08			
24 March	1.6e+	-06	1.4e+04	3.4e+03	4.8e+0	08			
25 March	1.7e+	-06	1.4e+04	3.6e+03	5.0e+0	08			
26 March	2.5e+	-06	1.5e+04	3.8e+03	4.9e+0	08			

Daily Geomagnetic Data

	Middle Latitude			High Latitude		Estimated	
		Fredericksburg		College	Planetary		
Date	А	K-indices	А	K-indices	А	K-indices	
20 March	2	0-0-1-0-1-2-1-1	1	0-0-1-1-0-0-0-0	3	1-0-1-1-0-1-0-0	
21 March	18	2-3-3-2-3-4-4-4	24	1-2-4-3-3-6-4-3	26	2-3-4-2-3-5-5-4	
22 March	19	4-4-2-3-3-3-3-4	49	3-5-3-7-5-6-4-3	27	4-4-3-4-4-4-5	
23 March	9	4-3-2-2-1-2-1-1	16	4-3-5-4-1-1-1-0	11	4-4-2-2-1-2-1-1	
24 March	7	2-3-2-0-2-2-2-1	6	3-2-1-1-3-2-0-0	6	2-3-2-0-2-2-1-0	
25 March	3	0-2-0-0-2-2-1-1	4	0-0-1-3-2-1-0-0	4	0-2-1-1-1-0-1	
26 March	3	1-0-0-1-1-1-2	1	1-0-0-2-0-0-0-0	7	2-0-1-1-0-1-1	



Date & Time of Issue UTC	Type of Alert or Warning	Date & Time of Event UTC		
20 Mar 1950	WATCH: Geomagnetic Storm Category G1 predicte	d		
21 Mar 0605	WARNING: Geomagnetic $K = 4$	21/0605 - 1500		
21 Mar 0621	WARNING: Geomagnetic $K = 5$	21/0621 - 1200		
21 Mar 0802	ALERT: Geomagnetic $K = 4$	21/0801		
21 Mar 1418	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	21/0605 - 22/0600		
21 Mar 1429	WATCH: Geomagnetic Storm Category G1 predicte	d		
21 Mar 1607	WARNING: Geomagnetic $K = 5$	21/1608 - 2100		
21 Mar 1614	ALERT: Geomagnetic $K = 5$	21/1612		
21 Mar 1928	ALERT: Geomagnetic $K = 5$	21/1927		
21 Mar 2016	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 5	21/1608 - 22/0300		
21 Mar 2016	WARNING: Geomagnetic $K = 6$	21/2015 - 2359		
22 Mar 0252	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 5	21/1608 - 22/1200		
22 Mar 0252	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	21/0605 - 22/1500		
22 Mar 1055	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 5	21/1608 - 22/1500		
22 Mar 1055	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	21/0605 - 22/1800		
22 Mar 1447	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 5	21/1608 - 22/2100		
22 Mar 1447	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	21/0605 - 23/0600		
22 Mar 1759	ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >= 1000pfu	22/1740		
22 Mar 2039	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 5	21/1608 - 23/0300		
23 Mar 0004	ALERT: Geomagnetic $K = 5$	22/2359		
23 Mar 0500	CONTINUED ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >= 1000pfu	22/1740		
23 Mar 0555	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	21/0605 - 23/1200		
23 Mar 2000	WATCH: Geomagnetic Storm Category G1 predicte	d		
24 Mar 0536	CONTINUED ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >= 1000pfu	22/1740		
24 Mar 1425	CANCELLATION: Geomagnetic Storm Category G1 predicted			
25 Mar 0500	CONTINUED ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >= 1000pfu	22/1740		
25 Mar 1515	WATCH: Geomagnetic Storm Category G2 predicte	d		

Alerts and Warnings Issued



Date & Time		Date & Time							
of Issue UTC	Type of Alert or Warning	of Event UTC							
26 Mar 0502	CONTINUED ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >= 1000pfu	22/1740							
26 Mar 1902	WATCH: Geomagnetic Storm Category G2 pred	icted							

Alerts and Warnings Issued





Twenty-seven Day Outlook

Date	Radio Flux 10.7cm	Planetary A Index	Largest Kp Index	Date	Radio Flux 10.7cm	Planetary A Index	Largest Kp Index
2400	1017011		110 110011	2	10170111		<u> </u>
27 Mar	78	25	5	10 Apr	71	5	2
28	78	40	6	11	71	5	2
29	78	35	6	12	71	5	2
30	78	20	5	13	71	5	2
31	75	18	5	14	71	5	2
01 Apr	75	12	4	15	73	5	2
02	75	8	3	16	73	5	2
03	73	16	4	17	73	24	5
04	73	12	4	18	75	25	5
05	71	15	4	19	75	10	3
06	71	12	3	20	75	5	2
07	71	5	2	21	75	5	2
08	71	5	2	22	75	5	2
09	71	5	2				



				\boldsymbol{L}	nerge	IIC EV	ems					
		Time		X·	-ray	Opti	cal Informat	ion	Р	eak	Sweep	p Freq
			Half		Integ	Imp/	Location	Rgn	Radi	o Flux	Inter	nsity
Date	Begin	Max	Max	Class	Flux	Brtns	Lat CMD	#	245	2695	II	IV
No E	vents Ol	bserve	d									
					Fla	re List	4					
								Optic	al			
	Time					X-ray	Imp/	L	ocation	Rg	gn	
Date	Begi	in N	Max	End		Class	Brtns	La	at CMD	#	ŧ	
20 Mar	1552	2 1	559	1606		B1.5						
20 Mar	2352	2 2	353	0000			SF	S	09E13			
22 Mar	182	1 1	858	1915		B3.3				264	3	
25 Mar	2204	4 2	213	2219		B2.8				264	4	
25 Mar	2331	1 2	339	2346		B2.3	SF	Ν	12E47	264	4	
26 Mar	0229	Э О	234	0241		B4.0	SF	Ν	15E50	264	4	
26 Mar	0320	0 0	328	0335		B1.3				264	4	
26 Mar	1029	9 1	032	1037		B1.0				264	4	
26 Mar	1307	7 1	312	1325		B1.6				264	4	
26 Mar	1336	5 1	343	1348			SF	Ν	12E39	264	4	
26 Mar	1517	7 1	535	1547		B1.3	SF	Ν	21E43	264	4	
26 Mar	1554	4 1	558	1605		B1.8				264	4	
26 Mar	1817	7 1	830	1838			SF	Ν	14E40	264	4	
26 Mar	1902	2 1	905	1911		B1.7				264	4	
26 Mar	212	1 2	128	2141		B4.0				264	4	
26 Mar	2300) 2	317	2326		B2.0				264	4	
26 Mar	2349	€ 0	000	0008		C1.3	SF	Ν	12E33	264	4	





				nu _e) 1111111	ur y								
	Location Sunspot Characteristics						Flares								
		Helio	Area Extent Spot Spot Mag			Σ	X-ray			Optical					
Date	Lat CMD	Lon	10 ⁻⁶ hemi.	(helio)	Class	Count	Class	С	Μ	Χ	S	1	2	3	4
	Region 2643														
21 Mar	N09E72	78	40	1	Hrx	2	А								
22 Mar	N08E56	81	30	1	Hsx	2	А								
23 Mar	N08E42	81	20	2	Hrx	2	А								
24 Mar	N08E29	81	10	1	Hrx	2	А								
25 Mar	N08E16	81	10	1	Axx	1	А								
26 Mar	N08E02	82	plage												
								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Still on	Disk.														
Absolut	e heliograp	hic lon	gitude: 8	2											
		Regi	on 2644												
26 Mar	N12E30	54	50	6	Dao	10	В	1			4				
								1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
Still on Absolut	Disk. æ heliograp	hic lon	gitude: 5	4											

Region Summary



Sunspot Numbers Radio Flux Geomagnetic											
	Observed values Ratio Smooth values				Penticton	Smooth	Planetary Smooth				
Month	SFC RI	RI/SEC	SEC	RI	-	10.7 cm	Value	An	Value		
month	<u>ble</u> M	III/DLC	DLC	2015		10.7 cm	value	<u> </u>	value		
				2015							
March	61.7	32.7	0.62	84.2	49.3	126.0	131.2	17	12.0		
1	70 F	15.0	0.75	00 7	47.0	100.0	107.0	10	10.4		
April	72.5	45.2	0.75	80.5	4/.3	129.2	127.3	12	12.4		
May	83.0	53.3	0./1	//.5	45./	120.1	123.3	9	12.7		
June	77.3	39.9	0.53	/3.1	43.3	123.2	119.5	14	13.0		
Julv	68.4	39.5	0.58	68.2	41.0	107.0	116.0	10	13.1		
August	61.6	38.6	0.63	65.5	39.8	106.2	113.3	16	13.1		
September	72.5	47.2	0.65	64.0	39.5	102.1	110.8	16	12.8		
								-			
October	59.5	38.2	0.62	61.8	38.6	104.1	107.9	15	12.5		
November	61.8	37.3	0.61	59.0	36.7	109.6	105.3	13	12.5		
December	54.1	34.8	0.64	55.1	34.7	112.8	102.5	15	12.5		
				2016							
January	50.4	34.2	0.67	51.4	32.6	103.5	99.9	10	12.3		
February	56.0	33.8	0.61	49.6	31.5	103.5	98.1	10	12.0		
March	40.9	32.5	0.80	47.7	30.2	91.6	96.6	11	11.8		
A	20.2	22.7	0.59	45.0	20.7	02.4	05.2	10	11.0		
April	39.2	22.7	0.58	45.0	28.7	93.4	95.3	10	11.8		
May	48.9	30.9	0.64	42.1	26.9	93.1	93.2	12	11./		
June	19.3	12.3	0.65	39.0	24.9	81.9	90.4	9	11.4		
Julv	36.8	19.4	0.53	36.5	23.2	85.9	87.7	10	11.2		
August	50.4	30.1	0.60	34.2	21.6	85.0	85.5	10	11.2		
September	37.4	26.8	0.72			87.8		16			
÷											
October	30.0	20.2	0.67			86.1		16			
November	22.4	12.8	0.57			78.7		10			
December	17.6	11.3	0.64			75.1		10			
				2017							
January	28.1	15.5	0.55			77.4		10			
February	22.0	15.7	0.71			76.9		10			

Recent Solar Indices (preliminary) Observed monthly mean values

Note: Values are final except for the most recent 6 months which are considered preliminary. Cycle 24 started in Dec 2008 with an RI=1.7.





Weekly Geosynchronous Satellite Environment Summary Week Beginning 20 March 2017

The proton flux plot contains the five-minute averaged integral proton flux (protons/cm²-sec -sr) as measured by the SWPC Primary GOES satellite, near West 75, for each of three energy thresholds: greater than 10, 50, and 100 MeV.

The electron flux plot contains the five-minute averaged integral electron flux (electrons/cm²-sec -sr) with energies greater than 2 MeV by the SWPC Primary GOES satellite.

The Hp plot contains the five minute averaged Hp magnetic field component in nanoteslas (nT) as by the SWPC Primary GOES satellite. The Hp component is parallel to the spin axis of the satellite, which is nearly parallel to the Earth's rotation axis.

The Estimated 3-hour Planetary Kp-index is derived at the NOAA Space Weather Prediction Center using data from the following ground-based magnetometers: Boulder, Colorado; Chambon la Foret, France; Fredericksburg, Virginia; Fresno, California; Hartland, UK; Newport, Washington; Sitka, Alaska. These data are made available thanks to the cooperative efforts between SWPC and data providers around the world, which currently includes the U.S. Geological Survey, the British Geological Survey, and the Institut de Physique du Globe de Paris.

The data included here are those now available in real time at the SWPC and are incomplete in that they do not include the full set of parameters and energy ranges known to cause satellite operating anomalies. The proton and electron fluxes and Kp are 'global' parameters that are applicable to a first order approximation over large areas. H parallel is subject to more localized phenomena and the measurements generally are applicable to within a few degrees of longitude of the measuring satellite.







The x-ray plots contains five-minute averages x-ray flux (Watt/m²) as measure by the SWPC primary GOES X-ray satellite, usually at West 105 longitude, in two wavelength bands, 0.05 - 0.4 and 0.1 - 0.8 nm. The letters A, B, C, M and X refer to x-ray event levels for the 0.1 - 0.8 nm band.

The proton plot contains the five-minute averaged intergral flux units (pfu = protons/cnf - sec - sr) as measured by the primary SWPC GOES Proton satellite for each of the energy thresholds: >1, >10, >30, and >100 MeV. The P10 event threshold is 10 pfu at greater than 10 MeV.



Preliminary Report and Forecast of Solar Geophysical Data (The Weekly)

Published every Monday by the Space Weather Prediction Center.

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Notice: The 27-day Outlook, Satellite Environment, X-ray and Proton plots have been redesigned. Comments and suggestions are welcome SWPC.Webmaster@noaa.gov

The Weekly has been published continuously since 1951 and is available online since 1997.

http://spaceweather.gov/weekly/ -- Current and previous year http://spaceweather.gov/ftpmenu/warehouse.html -- Online achive from 1997 http://spaceweather.gov/ftpmenu/ -- Some content as ascii text http://spaceweather.gov/SolarCycle/ -- Solar Cycle Progression web site

http://spaceweather.gov/contacts.html -- Contact and Copyright information http://spaceweather.gov/weekly/Usr_guide.pdf -- User Guide

