Space Weather Highlights 20 February - 26 February 2017

Solar activity was at very low levels on 20-21 and 25-26 Feb with low levels observed on 22-24 Feb. Region 2638 (N19, L=111, class/area Dso/150 on 22 Feb) produced three C-class flares, one each on 22-24 Feb. The largest of these was a C4/1f flare observed on 22/1327 UTC. Several weak CMEs were observed during the period, but none of them had an Earth-directed component.

No proton events were observed at geosynchronous orbit.

The greater than 2 MeV electron flux at geosynchronous orbit was at moderate levels on 20, 22-24 and 26 Feb. High levels were observed on 21 and 25 Feb.

Geomagnetic field activity was at predominately quiet to active levels with an isolated minor storm (G1-Minor) interval early on 24 Feb. Quiet to unsettled levels were observed on 20-21 and 25-26 Feb under a nominal solar wind regime. Quiet to isolated G1 levels were observed on 22-24 Feb under the influence of a positive polarity CH HSS. Solar wind speeds reached a peak of 671 km/s at 24/0516 UTC. Total field (Bt) reached a peak of near 12 nT late on 23 Feb while the Bz component reached a maximum southward extent of -10 nT, again late on 23 Feb. Phi angle was in a predominately positive solar sector throughout the summary period.

Space Weather Outlook 27 February - 25 March 2017

Solar activity is expected to be at very low levels with a chance for isolated C-class activity during the outlook period.

No proton events are expected at geosynchronous orbit.

The greater than 2 MeV electron flux at geosynchronous orbit is expected to be at high levels on 27 Feb, 01-13, 19-20 and 24-25 Mar. Normal to moderate levels are expected on 28 Feb, 14-18 and 21-23 Mar.

Geomagnetic field activity is likely to be reach G1 (Minor) geomagnetic storm levels on 01-02 and 16 Mar due to recurrent CH HSS influence. Unsettled to active geomagnetic field activity is expected on 28 Feb, 03-04, 15, 17-19 and 21-24 Mar due to CH HSS influence. Mostly quiet conditions are expected for the remainder of the period under a nominal solar wind regime.



				J										
	Radio	Sun	Sunspot		X-ray		Flares							
	Flux	spot	Area	Area Background		X-ra		Optical						
Date	10.7cm	No.	(10 ⁻⁶ hemi	.)	Flux		C M	Х	S	1	2 3	4		
20 February	81	25	90	B1.2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		
21 February	83	19	140	B1.3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0		
22 February	83	17	150	B1.1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0		
23 February	83	18	150	B1.1	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0		
24 February	82	27	140	A9.0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0		
25 February	80	25	120	A8.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
26 February	79	35	120	A6.7	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		

Daily Solar Data

Daily Particle Data

		Proton Fluer	nce	Electron Fluence							
	(pro	otons/cm ² -d	ay -sr)	(electrons/cm ² -day -sr)							
Date	>1 MeV	>10 MeV	>100 MeV	>0.6 MeV	/ >2MeV	>4 MeV					
20 February	8.7	e+05	1.5e+04	3.7e+03	3.4e	+07					
21 February	1.1	e+06	1.5e+04	3.4e+03	3.8e	+07					
22 February	6.9	e+05	1.5e+04	3.6e+03	9.4e	+06					
23 February	1.0	e+06	1.5e+04	3.6e+03	1.1e	+07					
24 February	1.5	e+06	1.4e+04	3.1e+03	1.5e	+07					
25 February	9.2e+05		1.5e+04	3.5e+03	4.8e	+07					
26 February	9.8	e+05	1.4e+04	3.7e+03	4.8e	4.8e+07					

Daily Geomagnetic Data

	Middle Latitude		ŀ	ligh Latitude	Estimated			
	F	Fredericksburg		College	Planetary			
Date	А	K-indices	А	K-indices	А	K-indices		
20 February	8	1-3-2-2-2-2-2-2	12	1-2-4-3-3-3-2-1	10	1-3-2-2-3-3-2		
21 February	4	1-2-1-0-1-2-0-2	1	0-0-1-0-0-0-1	4	2-2-1-0-0-1-0-2		
22 February	8	3-3-3-2-1-1-1-1	20	2-4-3-6-3-2-2-1	10	4-3-3-2-1-1-2-1		
23 February	8	2-2-2-2-3-2-2	11	1-2-2-2-4-4-2-1	11	2-2-2-2-3-2-3		
24 February	15	4-3-3-4-3-2-1-2	24	3-3-3-6-5-2-2-2	20	5-4-3-4-4-3-2-3		
25 February	6	2-3-2-1-1-1-1-1	4	2-2-2-2-1-0-0-0	7	3-3-2-2-1-0-1-2		
26 February	0	0-1-0-0-0-0-0-0	0	0-0-0-0-1-0-0-0	3	1-1-0-0-1-0-0-0		



Date & Time	I Type of Alert or Warning	Date & Time f Event UTC
20 Feb 0516	WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	20/0515 - 1200
20 Feb 1915	WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	20/1914 - 2359
20 Feb 2055	WATCH: Geomagnetic Storm Category G1 predicted	1
21 Feb 1712	ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >= 1000pfu	21/1655
22 Feb 0122	WARNING: Geomagnetic $K = 4$	22/0122 - 0700
22 Feb 0240	ALERT: Geomagnetic $K = 4$	22/0239
23 Feb 1641	WARNING: Geomagnetic $K = 4$	23/1641 - 2359
23 Feb 2010	WATCH: Geomagnetic Storm Category G1 predicted	1
23 Feb 2346	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	23/1641 - 24/1300
24 Feb 0038	ALERT: Geomagnetic $K = 4$	24/0035
24 Feb 0048	WARNING: Geomagnetic $K = 5$	24/0047 - 1000
24 Feb 0135	ALERT: Geomagnetic $K = 5$	24/0135
24 Feb 1255	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	23/1641 - 24/1800
24 Feb 1756	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	23/1641 - 24/2359
24 Feb 2352	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K = 4	23/1641 - 25/0600
25 Feb 1423	ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >= 1000pfu	25/1400
26 Feb 2149	WATCH: Geomagnetic Storm Category G1 predicted	1

Alerts and Warnings Issued





Twenty-seven Day Outlook

	Radio Flux	Planetary	Largest		Radio Flux	Planetary	Largest
Date	10.7cm	A Index	Kp Index	Date	10.7cm	A Index	Kp Index
27 Feb	79	5	2	13 Mar	75	5	2
28	77	12	4	14	75	5	2
01 Mar	77	25	5	15	74	10	3
02	79	20	5	16	75	20	5
03	79	15	4	17	77	15	4
04	79	8	3	18	79	10	3
05	75	5	2	19	80	8	3
06	72	5	2	20	82	5	2
07	72	5	2	21	82	8	3
08	73	5	2	22	82	10	3
09	74	5	2	23	82	15	4
10	75	5	2	24	80	8	3
11	75	5	2	25	80	5	2
12	75	5	2				



				E	nerge	nc Ev	ents					
		Time		X	-ray	Opti	cal Informat	ion	Peak Swe			Freq
			Half		Integ	Imp/	Location	Rgn	Radi	o Flux	Intensity	
Date	Begin	Max	Max	Class	Flux	Brtns	Lat CMD	#	245	2695	II	IV
No E	vents O	bserved	ł									
					Fla	re List	ţ					
								Opti	cal			
		Tim	ne		-	X-ray	Imp/	I	Location	Rg	n	
Date	Begi	in N	Лах	End		Class	Brtns	L	at CMD	#		
20 Feb	1122	2 1	129	1137		B4.5				263	8	
20 Feb	115	1 1	156	1201		B3.7				263	8	
20 Feb	1343	3 1	348	1351		B5.4	SF	Ν	N16E72	263	8	
20 Feb	1414	4 14	425	1432		B7.5						
20 Feb	1650	6 1'	703	1711		B3.7						
20 Feb	2310	0 2	314	2320		B2.5				263	8	
21 Feb	0514	4 0.	522	0526		B3.0				263	8	
21 Feb	064	1 0	645	0650		B2.8				263	8	
21 Feb	1120	0 1	123	1125		B2.3				263	8	
21 Feb	112	7 1	131	1133		B2.7				263	8	
21 Feb	1134	4 1	134	1136			SF	Ν	V21E60	263	8	
21 Feb	1358	8 14	401	1405		B2.9	SF	Ν	V23E60	263	8	
21 Feb	2247	7 2	253	2304		B3.0	SF	Ν	V18E53	263	8	
22 Feb	0140	0 C	151	0202		B6.8				263	8	
22 Feb	1303	3 1	327	1338		C4.1	1F	Ν	V22E48	263	8	
22 Feb	210	7 2	113	2118		B4.9	SF	Ν	V17E41	263	8	
23 Feb	004	5 0	105	0120		B4.4				263	8	
23 Feb	1042	2 1	054	1104		B4.8				263	8	
23 Feb	1418	8 14	428	1442		B2.4	SF	Ν	V19E34	263	8	
23 Feb	1514	4 1:	514	1517			SF	Ν	V20E33	263	8	
23 Feb	2017	7 20	024	2027		B5.8	SF	Ν	V20E29	263	8	
23 Feb	2030	6 2	053	2117		C1.3	SF	Ν	V19E25	263	8	
24 Feb	0004	4 0	012	0014		C1.1	SF	Ν	V20E29	263	8	
24 Feb	0600	6 0	607	0614			SF	Ν	V21E18	263	8	
26 Feb	231	1 2	318	2325		B3.2	SF	Ν	V09E27	264	0	





	Locatio	n	Ç.ı	nsnot C	haracte	ristice	5	Flares							
	Locatio	Helio	Area	Extent	Snot	Spot	Mag	X	Z-rav		I Iures	, 0	ntica	1	
Date	Lat CMD	Lon	10^{-6} hemi.	(helio)	Class	Count	Class	$\frac{1}{C}$	M	X	S	1	2	3	4
				(~			-	
		Regi	on 2636												
15 Feb	N11E53	185	10		Axx	2	А								
16 Feb	N11E40	185	10	1	Hrx	2	А								
17 Feb	N11E27	185	20	3	Cro	4	В								
18 Feb	N11E15	183	20	2	Bxo	3	В								
19 Feb	N11E01	184	10		Axx	1	А								
20 Feb	N11W13	185	plage												
21 Feb	N11W27	186	plage												
22 Feb	N11W41	187	plage												
23 Feb	N11W55	188	plage												
24 Feb	N11W69	188	plage												
25 Feb	N11W83	189	plage												
								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crossed	l West Lim	b.													
Absolut	te heliograp	hic lor	gitude: 1	84											
		Regi	on 2637												
19 Feb	S03E61	124	20	1	Axx	2	А								
20 Feb	S04E47	125	10	1	Axx	1	A								
21 Feb	S04E32	127	plage	-		-									
22 Feb	S04E17	129	plage												
23 Feb	S04E02	131	plage												
24 Feb	S04W13	132	plage												
25 Feb	S04W28	134	plage												
26 Feb	S04W43	136	plage												
20100	5011112	100	piago					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Still on	Disk							0	0	Ũ	0	0	0	0	Ũ
Absolut	te heliogran	hic lor	gitude: 1	31											
1100010															
		Regi	on 2638												
20 Feb	N18E58	111	80	10	Dao	Λ	P				1				
20 Feb 21 Eab	N18E40	114	140	10	Dao	4	D				1				
21 Feb	N10E49	110	140	10		ר ד	D D	1			5 1	1			
22 FCU 23 Eak	N19E3J	111	150	10		/ 0		1			1	1			
23 Feb 24 Eab	NIQEAQ	115	130	10	Cso	05	DU G	1			4 2				
24 Feb 25 Eak	NIQW02	111	120	0 5	Cso	2 2	D D	1			Z				
25 FCU 26 Eak	M10WUJ	109	100	2 2		ے 1									
20 red	IN10W10	109	100	Z	пsх	1	А	2	Δ	Δ	11	1	Δ	Δ	0
								3	U	0	11	1	0	0	U

Region Summary

Still on Disk. Absolute heliographic longitude: 109



	Locatio	on	Su	inspot C	haracte	eristics		Flares							
		Helio	Area	Area Extent Spot Spo		Spot	Mag		K-ray		Optical				
Date	Lat CMD	Lon 10) ⁻⁶ hemi.	(helio)	Class	Count	Class	С	М	Х	S	1	2	3	4
		Regio	n 2639												
24 Feb	S09W34	153	20	2	Hrx	2	А								
25 Feb	S08W48	154	20	2	Cro	3	В								
26 Feb	S08W61	154	10	2	Bxo	2	В								
								0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Still on Absolut	Disk. te heliograp	hic long	itude: 1	53											
		Region	n 2640												
26 Feb	N11E24	69	10	2	Bxo	2	В	0	0	0	1 1	0	0	0	0
Still on Absolut	Disk. te heliograp	hic long	itude: 6	9											

Region Summary - continued



				2							
	S	unspot N	lumbers	lbers		Radio	Flux	Geomagnetic			
	Observed values	Ratio	Smoo	th values	-	Penticton	Smooth	Planetary	Smooth		
Month	SEC RI	RI/SEC	SEC	RI		10.7 cm	Value	Ap	Value		
				2015							
February	70.6	40.0	0.63	88.3	51.7	128.8	133.8	10	11.5		
March	61.7	32.7	0.62	84.2	49.3	126.0	131.2	17	12.0		
A pril	72.5	15 2	0.75	<u> 20 5</u>	17 2	120.2	127.2	12	12.4		
Apin May	72.3 82.0	43.2	0.75	00.5 77 5	47.5	129.2	127.5	12	12.4		
Iviay	83.0 77.2	20.0	0.71	77.1	43.7	120.1	125.5	9	12.7		
June	11.3	39.9	0.53	/3.1	43.3	123.2	119.5	14	13.0		
July	68.4	39.5	0.58	68.2	41.0	107.0	116.0	10	13.1		
August	61.6	38.6	0.63	65.5	39.8	106.2	113.3	16	13.1		
September	72.5	47.2	0.65	64.0	39.5	102.1	110.8	16	12.8		
October	59.5	38.2	0.62	61.8	38.6	104.1	107.9	15	12.5		
November	61.8	37.3	0.61	59.0	36.7	109.6	105.3	13	12.5		
December	54.1	34.8	0.64	55.1	34.7	112.8	102.5	15	12.5		
				2016							
Ianuary	50.4	34.2	0.67	2010 51 A	326	103 5	00 0	10	123		
February	56 0	33.8	0.61	<i>J</i> 1. 4 <i>J</i> 0.6	31.5	103.5	08.1	10	12.5		
March	40 9	32.5	0.01	47.0 A7.7	30.2	91.6	96.6	10	12.0		
widten	40.7	52.5	0.00	+/./	50.2)1.0	70.0	11	11.0		
April	39.2	22.7	0.58	45.0	28.7	93.4	95.3	10	11.8		
May	48.9	30.9	0.64	42.1	26.9	93.1	93.2	12	11.7		
June	19.3	12.3	0.65	39.0	24.9	81.9	90.4	9	11.4		
Iulv	36.8	194	0.53	36 5	23.2	85.9	87 7	10	11.2		
August	50.4	30.1	0.60	0010	20.2	85.0	0/1/	10	11.2		
Sentember	37.4	26.8	0.72			87.8		16			
September	57.4	20.0	0.72			07.0		10			
October	30.0	20.2	0.67			86.1		16			
November	22.4	12.8	0.57			78.7		10			
December	17.6	11.3	0.64			75.1		10			
				2017							
January	28.1	15.5	0.55			77.4		10			

Recent Solar Indices (preliminary) Observed monthly mean values

Note: Values are final except for the most recent 6 months which are considered preliminary. Cycle 24 started in Dec 2008 with an RI=1.7.





Weekly Geosynchronous Satellite Environment Summary Week Beginning 20 February 2017

The proton flux plot contains the five-minute averaged integral proton flux (protons/cm²-sec -sr) as measured by the SWPC Primary GOES satellite, near West 75, for each of three energy thresholds: greater than 10, 50, and 100 MeV.

The electron flux plot contains the five-minute averaged integral electron flux (electrons/cm²-sec -sr) with energies greater than 2 MeV by the SWPC Primary GOES satellite.

The Hp plot contains the five minute averaged Hp magnetic field component in nanoteslas (nT) as by the SWPC Primary GOES satellite. The Hp component is parallel to the spin axis of the satellite, which is nearly parallel to the Earth's rotation axis.

The Estimated 3-hour Planetary Kp-index is derived at the NOAA Space Weather Prediction Center using data from the following ground-based magnetometers: Boulder, Colorado; Chambon la Foret, France; Fredericksburg, Virginia; Fresno, California; Hartland, UK; Newport, Washington; Sitka, Alaska. These data are made available thanks to the cooperative efforts between SWPC and data providers around the world, which currently includes the U.S. Geological Survey, the British Geological Survey, and the Institut de Physique du Globe de Paris.

The data included here are those now available in real time at the SWPC and are incomplete in that they do not include the full set of parameters and energy ranges known to cause satellite operating anomalies. The proton and electron fluxes and Kp are 'global' parameters that are applicable to a first order approximation over large areas. H parallel is subject to more localized phenomena and the measurements generally are applicable to within a few degrees of longitude of the measuring satellite.







The x-ray plots contains five-minute averages x-ray flux (Watt/m²) as measure by the SWPC primary GOES X-ray satellite, usually at West 105 longitude, in two wavelength bands, 0.05 - 0.4 and 0.1 - 0.8 nm. The letters A, B, C, M and X refer to x-ray event levels for the 0.1 - 0.8 nm band.

The proton plot contains the five-minute averaged intergral flux units (pfu = protons/cnf - sec - sr) as measured by the primary SWPC GOES Proton satellite for each of the energy thresholds: >1, >10, >30, and >100 MeV. The P10 event threshold is 10 pfu at greater than 10 MeV.



Preliminary Report and Forecast of Solar Geophysical Data (The Weekly)

Published every Monday by the Space Weather Prediction Center.

U.S. Department of Commerce NOAA / National Weather Service Space Weather Prediction Center 325 Broadway, Boulder CO 80305

Notice: The 27-day Outlook, Satellite Environment, X-ray and Proton plots have been redesigned. Comments and suggestions are welcome SWPC.Webmaster@noaa.gov

The Weekly has been published continuously since 1951 and is available online since 1997.

http://spaceweather.gov/weekly/ -- Current and previous year http://spaceweather.gov/ftpmenu/warehouse.html -- Online achive from 1997 http://spaceweather.gov/ftpmenu/ -- Some content as ascii text http://spaceweather.gov/SolarCycle/ -- Solar Cycle Progression web site

http://spaceweather.gov/contacts.html -- Contact and Copyright information http://spaceweather.gov/weekly/Usr_guide.pdf -- User Guide

